

## Marking

CAS

Characterization acc. ADR

7647-01-0  
UN 1050 HYDROGEN  
CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS, 2.3  
(8),(C/D)

Cylinder Marking



Shoulder color: yellow

## Essential properties

liquified gas, heavier than air, colorless, pungent, corrosive, toxic

Symbols of risks



For additional safety information see safety data sheet \*-HCL-069

## Description

Colourless, toxic, strongly hygroscopic, liquified gas with sticking odor. Very corrosive to skin, eyes and respiratory system. In moisty air HCl-gas forms mist from hydrochloric acid droplets. Violent reaction with unsaturated hydrocarbons, ammonia, organic amines and ignoble metals. Acc. to ISO 10298: LC50/1h = 3120 ppm.

## Materials

Cylinders and Valves: Steel, stainless steel, Monel, nickel; no brass or copper(-alloys), no aluminium(-alloys)  
Normalized / annealed steel only under observance of the demanded max. strength properties if  $p_{max} > TP/5$ ; danger of hydrogen embrittling  
Seals: PTFE, PCTFE, PVDF, PE, PVC

Physical Properties			
molecular weight	36,461 kg/kmol	vapour pressure at 20 °C	
critical point		gas density at 0 °C and 1,013 bar	1,6423 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
temperature	324,6 K	density ratio to air	1,2702
Pressure	83,1 bar	gas density at 15 °C and 1 bar	1,534 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
density	0,45 kg/l	conversion factor	
triple point		liquid at Ts to m <sup>3</sup> gas (15 °C, 1 bar)	
temperature	158,96 K	virial coefficient	
Pressure	0,138bar	Bn at 0 °C	-9,3*10 <sup>-3</sup> bar <sup>-1</sup>
boiling point		B30 at 30 °C	-6,4*10 <sup>-3</sup> bar <sup>-1</sup>
temperature	188,12 K; -85,0 °C	gaseous state at 25 °C and 1 bar	
liquid density	1,1906 kg/l	specific heat capacity cp	0,7987 kJ/kg K
evaporation heat	443 kJ/kg	thermal conductivity	139*10 <sup>-4</sup> W/m K
		dynam. viscosity	14,60*10 <sup>-6</sup> Ns/m <sup>2</sup>